Approved For Release 2002/08/28 + GIA-TDP63-00313A000600210009-4

NRO REVIEW COMPLETED

008**-21**75

NRO 25X1

- c. Automatic Exposure Control Printer: Present day high speed continuous printers such as the Miagara printer can be manually set to a fixed exposure level but cannot vary the exposure within a single roll. It is proposed to investigate and develop breadboard type apparatus which will exploit the possibilities for automatic control that do not involve deciging or changing the effective curve shape of the print material. This developmental control unit is intended for installation on a continuous contact printer running at constant velocity with exposure controlled by modulation of the printing light source intensity. This proposal was for and no approval has been given to date.
- d. Seeming and Recording Densitometer: In making quality prints from serial photography much skilled operator time is required in spot densitometry of selected image areas, and computation of exposure prediction for the printer. We propose to develop a seaming densitometer capable of reading stationary or moving film and equipped with recording devices to sid in the exposure prediction. Successful completion of the development program will provide an engineering model capable of seaming selected areas of 70 mm to 9-1/2-inch wide film and of providing graphs of pertinent data for exposure prediction. This proposal was for and E. K. was given a go-ahead by CLA prior to contract transfer.
- A requirement exists in the Photo Interpretation Community for a versatile photographic processing apparatus capable of developing both wide sheets and continuous strips of film to either a reversal or a standard negative image. Change from the reversal to the negative to the reversal processing cycle should be quickly and easily accomplished by turning valves, resetting switches, and changing control set points in a minimum of time. It is

NRO 25X1

NRO 25X1

COR-2176 Page 3

proposed to redesign existing welf threading processing equipment to incorporate the reversal processing cycle in the machine and to incorporate the necessary valves, and tabes, and control equipment to affect this change. The operating speed of this processor will be approxientely teenty inches per minute when used for reversal processing or approximately twenty feet per sinute when used for standard negative processing. It will be capable of simultaneously processing two strands of material ranging from nine and one half inches wide down to seventy millimeters wide and three strands of material seventy millimeters wide and narrower. Overall length of the machine will be approximately sixteen feet. This proposal Due to the initial statement that "a was for requirement exists in the P. I. Community," this task was sent to MPIC for ecoments and no action has been taken to date on this subject. It could be accomplished under the MPIC R & D contract with E. E. (See paragraph 3 below). However, I feel there is justification to review this area from an MRO standpoint since potentially such a device oculd eliminate one step in the basic processing. With a reversal machine, you could go from an original negative to a dupe negative without making the intermediate dupe positive. The CCB will discuss this further.

- As now and improved films and film-process systems become available it is necessary to evaluate their applicability to specific recommissence systems and requirements, and to determine proper exposure, latitude, spectral region, and processing. This task will include the necessary high altitude flight testing, production processing, and analysis required for satisfactory evaluation of the materials. A detailed plan and summary is available in the "Ceneral Film Data" file. Rephasis will be placed on exposure determination, color (including high definition color films, conventional color films, and tri-color separation), sentract, and stellar studies. Co-check has not been given to date.
- g. Heriel III Titlers The complexity of the titling problem has steadily increased as formats and operational parameter have become more varied and sophisticated. Recently, titling

25X1**NR**0

COR-2176

requirements have been defined for the "L" progress and are beyond the sampbility of existing equipment, such as the Dual-Head Titler. It is the purpose of the Hodel III Titler to develop the necessary hardware (subcontract and techniques for a more flexible and versatile device. It is proposed to develop moveble type titling heads which will permit rendom. high speed, parallel input. Such a device would allow frame-to-frame title changes in a variable field as well as accomplating the fixed data for each frame. Logic circultry will be designed to accept input from punched paper tage. Satinated cost is I am very much in favor of this device, in fact, suggested that E. K. propose same. So far work is going on, but I don't believe it is fully approved. In their proposal, E. E. failed to give the best justification ... this is for direct support of CXCAMT. The titler will accept punched paper taps which could come from the CXCART in-flight recorder, thereby automatically giving a frame-by-frame input for latitude and longitude, tip, tilt, etc., as a part of the title.

NRO 25X1

- 3. During the initial discussions with MEO and E. K. on the scope of this R & D effort, it became apparent that the wide grey area between NRO processing and "exploitation" needed to be resolved. This was accomplished thru of MPIC. He now has R & D effort with E. K. 25X1 for development support leading to improved methods, techniques, and equipment utilized in exploiting information obtained from various programs utilizing photographic sensors. Technical areas of investigation include viewing equipment, projection techniques, color enlarging, data handling, image ordered that by coordination between MPIC and myself we can keep pace with the state-of-the-art in mutual areas of interest.
- 4. There are several other areas of effort which I believe should be added to this contract. I expect to propose the following items at the first CCB meeting in Rochester in early July:
 - a. Color Processor: E. A. has no color processing equipment in the "black" area. The majority of color processing within the company is either by tray or continuous Jims equipment. I am rather surprised E. K. has not proposed a continuous, color processing machine. Perhaps it is due to the number of some of their color exulsions. I feel we should have a capability for processing color in widths up to 9 1/2" with continuous processing machines. I know such machines have been built in the past and that they exist for small film

Approved For Release 2002/08/28 : CIA-RDP63-00313A000600210009-4

.

25X1

25X1

CUB-2176 Page 5

| inventigate methods of inci- inventigate methods of inci- their fine grain, slow spe- latensification or other pr should be established for the c. <u>Matertion Free Titler</u> : Co | reasing the sensitivity of ed emulsions through rocesses. A specific task this work. urrent foil stamping devices | |
|---|---|--------------|
| emboss the area around a letter or number in a title and cause distortion. This is especially critical with cartographic materials, such as ARCO. In fact, one "patic test" test rejected by due to titling 25X distortions. Also, developed an ink type 25X titler specifically for ARCO, but they never found a suitable ink that would not wash off or transfer the title to adjacent frames. He now have increased emphasis being placed on dimensional stability of even the penorande photography, which is used in filling in detail missed by cartographic photography. D.I.A. has stated a requirement for grids or other means of extending geodetic positioning into all serial photography. Itek has proposed a system of edge lights which can be calibrated to a master grid to recover geometry. The future trand is certainly in this direction, and when titles appear near lights, fidenial marks or other geometric central points, the embossing problem becomes acute. I have discussed this problem with (I haven't seen Ed Green since i had the idea) and they feel there must be some dye or ink process which could significantly reduce distortion and still provide some correction (cresure) capability. | | 25X1 25X1 |
| 5. Before a meaningful moeting of to be given an IDEALIST and CACART cla AMEGU, and T-ME. | | 25X1 |
| | Signed | |
| GSA (11 June 1963) | H)/CSA | 25X1 |
| Vistribution: | | |

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

1 - 0/TECH/CSA 2 - ES/CSA 3 - CD/CSA

5 - 00/05A 6 - Ap/05A ve/chrowRelease 2002/08/26E CTA 7 - RE/CSA

L = ID/CSA